References

- Aghatise, J. E. (2006). Cybercrime definition. *Computer Crime Research Center*. https://www.researchgate.net/publication/265350281_Cybercrime_definition
- Aljunied, S. M. A. (2019). The securitisation of cyberspace governance in Singapore. *Asian Security*.
- Anderson, N. (2007, May 14). *Massive DDoS attacks target Estonia; Russia accused*. Ars Technica. Retrieved December 22, 2022, from

https://arstechnica.com/information-technology/2007/05/massive-ddos-attacks-target-estonia-russia-accused/

- Bott, C. (2009). *The Internet as a Terrorist Tool for Recruitment and Radicalisation of Youth.* United States of America: Homeland Security Institute.
- Buzan, B., Waever, O., & de Wilde, J. (1998). Security: A New Framework for Analysis. Lynne Riener.
- Check Point. (2020, May 12). Coronavirus cyber-attacks update: beware of the phish -Check Point Software. Check Point. Retrieved December 30, 2022, from https://checkpoint.com/2020/05/12/coronavirus-cyber-attacks-update-beware-ofthe-phish/
- Cyber Security Agency. (2022, October 20). *Our Organisation*. Cyber Security Agency of Singapore. Retrieved December 25, 2022, from https://www.csa.gov.sg/Who-We-Are/Our-Organisation
- Cyber Security Agency of Singapore. (2018). *Cybersecurity Act*. CSA. https://www.csa.gov.sg/legislation/cybersecurity-act
- Ganbold, S. (2022, December 20). *Internet usage in Southeast Asia statistics & facts*. Statista. Retrieved December 27, 2022, from https://www.statista.com/topics/9093/internet-usage-in-southeastasia/#topicOverview
- GovTech Singapore. (2022). *Our Role*. Government Technology Agency. Retrieved December 25, 2022, from https://www.tech.gov.sg/who-we-are/our-role/
- Ho, P., & Kuah, A. W. J. (2014). Governing for the Future. *Prism*, *5*, 8-21. https://www.jstor.org/stable/26470378

- Humarang, J. (2021, January 17). Kaspersky identifies 7 cybersecurity trends in Southeast Asia for 2021. Tech and Lifestyle Journal. Retrieved December 22, 2022, from http://techandlifestylejournal.com/cybersecurity-trends-southeast-asia-2021/
- Huxley, T. (2000). Defending the Lion City: The Armed Forces of Singapore. Allen & Unwin.
- Interpol. (2020). *THREATS AND TRENDS CHILD SEXUAL EXPLOITATION AND ABUSE* [Interpol Official Publication of COVID-19 cyber impact toward children]. COVID19 - Child Sexual Exploitation and Abuse threats and trends. https://www.interpol.int/en/content/download/15611/file/COVID19%20-%20Child%20Sexual%20Exploitation%20and%20Abuse%20threats%20and%20t rends.pdf
- Kasper, A. (2014). The Fragmented Securitization of Cyber Threats. In *Regulating eTechnologies in the European Union Normative Realities and Trends* (pp. 157-187). Springer.
- Kelley, M. B. (2013, November 20). The Stuxnet Attack On Iran's Nuclear Plant Was 'Far More Dangerous' Than Previously Thought. Business Insider. Retrieved December 21, 2022, from https://www.businessinsider.com/stuxnet-was-farmore-dangerous-than-previous-thought-2013-11
- Lim, A. (2001). Intelligent Island Discourse: Singapore's Discursive Negotiation With Technology. *Bulletin of Science, Technology & Society*, 21, 175–192. https://journals.sagepub.com/doi/10.1177/027046760102100303

Mcdonnell, M. D., & Sayers, T. L. (2002). Information Systems Survivability in Nontraditional Warfare Operations. In *Nontraditional Warfare: Twenty-First Century Threats and Responses*. Potomac Books Inc. https://books.google.co.id/books?hl=id&lr=&id=Rp0l0lWCbb0C&oi=fnd&pg=P T7&dq=Nontraditional+Warfare:+Twenty-First+Century+Threats+and+Responses&ots=fXHenIGeO8&sig=5UBKUTV3nt1 Czi3-Gjg33Ayl1mA&redir_esc=y#v=onepage&q=Nontraditional%20Warfare%3A%2

OTwenty-First

Mcsweeney, B. (1996). Identity and security: Buzan and the Copenhagen school. *Review* of International Studies, 22, 81-93. 10.1017/S0260210500118467

Ministry of Communication and Information (MCI). (2021, October 25). *Statement by Mr S. Iswaran, Minister-in-Charge of Cybersecurity on the Government's Response to the Report of the Committee of Inquiry into the CyberAttack on SingHealth, during Parliamentary Sitting on January 15, 2019.* Ministry of Communication and Information. Retrieved December 24, 2022, from https://www.mci.gov.sg/pressroom/news-andstories/pressroom/2019/1/statement-by-mr-s-iswaran-on-govt-response-to-reportof-coi%2013during-parl-sitting-on-15-jan-2019?page=3

Ministry of Communications and Information. (2019). "Speech by DPM Teo Chee Hean At The Opening Of The Third Singapore International Cyber Week on 18 September 2018. MCI. https://www.mci.gov.sg/pressroom/news-andstories/pressroom/2018/9/speech-by-dpm-teo-chee-hean-at-singaporeinternational-cyber-week

Miniwatts Marketing Group. (2016). *World Internet Users Statistics and 2022 World Population Stats*. Internet World Stats. Retrieved December 24, 2022, from https://www.internetworldstats.com/stats.htm

Moraski, L. (2011). Cybercrime Knows No Borders. Infosecurity, 8(2), 20-23.

https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/abs/pii/S1754454811700213

National Cyber Security Masterplan 2018. (2021, October 25). Infocomm Development Authority. Retrieved December 25, 2022, from https://www.ida.gov.sg/Programmes-Partnership/Store/National-Cyber-Security-

Masterplan-2018.

NATO. (2018). *Singapore's Cybersecurity Strategy*. NATO Cooperative Cyber Defense Center of Excellence (NATO-CCDCOE).

https://ccdcoe.org/sites/default/files/documents/SingaporeCybersecurityStrategy.p

Prime Minister's Office of Singapore. (2016, October Monday, 10). Prime Minister Lee Hsien Loong delivered this speech at the inaugural Singapore International Cyber Week. Prime Minister's Office of Singapore. https://www.pmo.gov.sg/Newsroom/pm-lee-hsien-loong-singapore-internationalcyber-week-opening-ceremony

Rodan, G. (1998). The Internet and Political Control in Singapore. *Political Science Quarterly*, *113*, 63-89. https://www.jstor.org/stable/2657651

- Roy, A. (2018, April 30). Exclusive interview: Singapore's cyber security czar. GovInsider. Retrieved December 24, 2022, from https://govinsider.asia/innovation/cyber-war-csa-singapore-david-koh/
- Schiff, R. L. (1995). Civil-Military Relations Reconsidered: A Theory of Concordance. Armed Forces & Society, 22. 10.1177/0095327X9502200101
- Statista. (2022, September 29). Singapore: breakdown of cybercrime cases 2021. Statista. Retrieved December 21, 2022, from https://www.statista.com/statistics/1270670/singapore-breakdown-of-cybercrime-

cases/

- Wæver, O. (2012). Aberystwyth, Paris, Copenhagen New 'Schools' in Security Theory and Their Origins between Core and Periphery. In A. B. Tickner & D. L. Blaney (Eds.), *Thinking International Relations Differently* (1st ed., pp. 48-71). Routledge.
- Wæver, O., Wilde, J. d., & Buzan, B. (1998). *Security: a new framework for analysis*. Lynne Rienner Pub.
- Williams, M. C. (2003). Words, Images, Enemies: Securitization and International Politics. *International Studies Quarterly*, 47(4), 511-531. https://watermark.silverchair.com/47-4511.pdf?token=AQECAHi208BE49Ooan9kkhW_Ercy7Dm3ZL_9Cf3qfKAc485y
 sgAAAs8wggLLBgkqhkiG9w0BBwagggK8MIICuAIBADCCArEGCSqGSIb3D
 QEHATAeBglghkgBZQMEAS4wEQQMFavx8IErMfu5wVc6AgEQgIICguy4K9
 A6ELKqsS9B11iHuvQEaSkgQlPlhqfnyeCnAz_V-E