

**THE GLOBAL RESPONSE
TO THE 2014-2016 EBOLA OUTBREAK
IN THE MANO RIVER UNION**



**By
Patricia Levine Sinioto Monangin
016202100017**

**UNDERGRADUATE THESIS
Submitted as one of the requirements to obtain
Sarjana Sosial**

**FACULTY OF SOCIAL SCIENCE AND EDUCATION
INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS STUDY PROGRAM
CIKARANG
AUGUST
2024**

TURNITIN CHECK RESULTS

Merge Chapter REV 3

ORIGINALITY REPORT

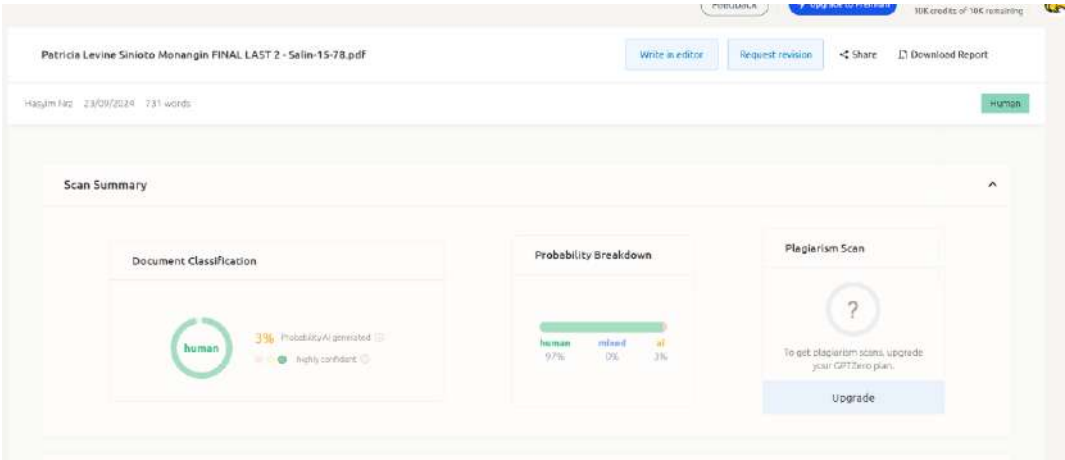
5%	3%	3%	1%
SIMILARITY INDEX	INTERNET SOURCES	PUBLICATIONS	STUDENT PAPERS

PRIMARY SOURCES

1	André Karlsen, Bjørn Ivar Kruke. "The Role of Uncertainty During the Ebola Pandemic in Western Africa (2014–2016)", Journal of Extreme Events, 2018 Publication	1%
2	dokumen.pub Internet Source	1%
3	www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov Internet Source	1%
4	Submitted to CSU, San Diego State University Student Paper	<1%
5	pure.uva.nl Internet Source	<1%
6	"Health Diplomacy in Africa", Springer Science and Business Media LLC, 2023 Publication	<1%
7	www.tamilnet.com Internet Source	<1%
8	link.springer.com Internet Source	<1%

GPT ANTI PLAGIARISM CHECK RESULTS

(gptzero.me)



ABSTRACT

This thesis explores the international cooperation and the collaborative efforts of various actors during the 2014-2016 Ebola outbreak in the Mano River Union, West Africa. The study examines the roles of key institutions such as the World Health Organization, United Nations Security Council, European Union, and non-governmental organizations Médecins Sans Frontières in responding to the crisis. Through an analysis of these collaborative efforts, the research highlights how international and regional cooperation contributed to controlling the outbreak and the significant impact on the affected countries. The findings suggest that the coordinated response played a crucial role in mitigating the spread of the virus and improving the global health security framework. This study provides insights into the effectiveness of international collaboration in addressing global health emergencies.

Keywords: *Ebola Outbreak, Global Health Security, Governmental Organizations (GOs), International Cooperation, Mano River Union, Non-Governmental Organizations (NGOs), Public Health Crisis, Regional Collaboration, West Africa*

ABSTRAK

Tesis ini mengeksplorasi kerjasama internasional dan upaya kolaboratif berbagai aktor selama wabah Ebola 2014-2016 di Uni Sungai Mano, Afrika Barat. Studi ini meneliti peran lembaga-lembaga kunci seperti Organisasi Kesehatan Dunia, Dewan Keamanan Perserikatan Bangsa-Bangsa, Uni Eropa, dan organisasi non-pemerintah Dokter Lintas Batas dalam menanggapi krisis tersebut. Melalui analisis upaya kolaboratif ini, penelitian ini menyoroti bagaimana kerjasama internasional dan regional berkontribusi dalam mengendalikan wabah serta dampak signifikan terhadap negara-negara yang terdampak. Temuan menunjukkan bahwa respon yang terkoordinasi memainkan peran penting dalam mengurangi penyebaran virus dan memperbaiki kerangka keamanan kesehatan global. Studi ini memberikan wawasan tentang efektivitas kolaborasi internasional dalam menangani darurat kesehatan global.

Kata Kunci: Afrika Barat, Keamanan Kesehatan Global, Kerjasama Internasional, Kolaborasi Regional, Krisis Kesehatan Publik, Organisasi Non-Pemerintah (NGOs), Organisasi Pemerintah (GOs), Uni Sungai Mano, Wabah Ebola

LIST OF ACRONYMS

ECDC	European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control
ECOWAS	Economic Community of West African States
EU	European Union
EVD	Ebola Virus Disease
GOARN	Global Outbreak Alert and Response Network
HSC	Health Security Committee
IHR	International Health Regulations
MRU	Mano River Union
MSF	Médecins Sans Frontières
ONR	Overview of Needs and Requirements
PHEIC	Public Health Emergency of International Concern
REDISSE	Regional Disease Surveillance Systems Enhancement
STEPP	Strategic Ebola Preparedness Plan
UNMEER	United Nations Mission for Ebola Emergency Response
UNSC	United Nation Security Council
WFP	World Food Program
WHO	World Health Organization

TABLE OF CONTENTS

THESIS ADVISOR RECOMMENDATION FORM	i
PANEL OF EXAMINER APPROVAL	ii
STATEMENT OF ORIGINALITY	iii
SCIENTIFIC PUBLICATION APPROVAL FOR ACADEMIC INTEREST	iv
ADVISOR APPROVAL FOR PUBLICATION	v
TURNITIN CHECK RESULTS	vi
GPT ANTI PLAGIARISM CHECK RESULTS	vii
ACKNOWLEDGMENT	x
LIST OF ACRONYMS	xi
TABLE OF CONTENTS	xii
CHAPTER I	1
I. 1. Background of the Study	1
I. 2. Literature Review	6
I. 3. Identification of the Problem	8
I. 4. Research Objective	10
I. 5. Research Question	10
I. 6. Significant of the Study	11
I. 7. Theoretical Framework	11
i. i. Health Diplomacy	11
i. ii. Liberal Institutionalism	12
I. 8. Research Framework	14
I. 9. Research Methodology	14
I. 10. Scope and Limitation of the Study	15
I. 11. Chapter Discussion	15
CHAPTER II	17
II. 1. World Health Organization	17
II. 2. United Nations Security Council	20
II. 3. European Union	23
II. 4. Médecins Sans Frontières	25
CHAPTER III	29
III. 1. Collaborations of the Actors Towards Ebola Outbreak	29
III. 2. Instruments of Liberal Institutionalism in Addressing the Ebola Outbreak in the Mano River Union	42

III. 3. Instruments of Health Diplomacy in Addressing the Ebola Outbreak in the Mano River Union.....	46
III. 4. Evidence of How Global and Local Parties Work Together	54
CHAPTER IV.....	56
IV. 1. Conclusion.....	56
IV. 2. Recommendations.....	58
APPENDIX	60
REFERENCES.....	65